TOW THE FARMER HAS PROFITED BY THE DI-VERSITY OF INDUSTRY FOSTERED BY THE TARIFF FOR PROTECTION.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Elmira, N. Y., Sept. 19 .- Warner Miller, the Republican candidate for Governor, arrived here from w-York this morning with the intention of addressing the farmers at the State Fair and of making a political speech in the evening to the Republicans of Elmira. rrow Governor Hill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will also address the farmers at the State Fair and will make a speech to the Democrats nira in the evening. It was the intention of the Republican leaders of Elmira to have Mr. Miller ted to the State Fair grounds by one of the leading Republican clubs, but Mr. Miller said earnestly that he preferred that there should be no escort of a character, as he would not say anything bout polities in his speech at the fair, thinking that ild be improper for him to do so in view of the on-partisan character of the meeting. He drove quietly to the fair grounds, as any other citizen would do, and as quietly ascended the platform to make his speech. The Democrats intend to make Governor Hill's speech at the fair a political demonstration, and sion trains to Elmira to-morrow, bringing all the Democrats here who will come.

When Mr. Miller rose to make his speech, he saw before him not less than 10,000 persons. He was re-ceived with tremendous cheers, and it was several minutes before he could begin his speech. He said

number of the directors of the New-York State Agri-cultural Society. I have not come here to-day to talk politics at all, nor have I come here to tell the good farmers of the State of New-York how to farm it. It has occurred to me that I might occupy a small portion of the time this afternoon in calling your attention to ome of the great improvements that have been made in agriculture in the last century and briefly give you what I believe to be the principal reasons for the progress with which we have been blessed in the first

entury of our Government." After sketching the improvement and growth of agriculture, Mr. Miller said: But there has been another force going on in this country, and I will refer to it briefly, which to my mind has had much to do with adding to the profitof agriculture and rendering possible the great im-provements and advances that have come to us. refer to the diversification of our industries. As said, when our Government was first organized nearly our entire population was engaged in agri-We were, in short, a Nation of farmers, and all of our abilities and all of our labors were given to that one industry. But to-day we are 0,000,000 of people, more than one half of whom are engaged in industries other than that of agriculture Nation grows rich and prosperous just in proportion as it finds profitable employment for all of its people, and it is only through the diversification of the industries and the callings of our people that we can hope to grow rich. We are not all born to be farmers. We do not all like that calling. Many of our people have a desire for other indu tries. They have an inventive power which leads them to the invention of machinery or farm imple ments for labor-saving machinery. They have power of invention, the power of organization and the power for the control and management of the great forces of nature, and it has been by the development of these other resources of our people and our country that the farmers of America are what they are to-day the most prosperous and most intelligent farmers of (Applause.) It is the diversification of the industries of this country that has brought the markets to your doors. It is the building up of cities Elmira, Binghamton, Rochester, Syracuse, Buffalo Albany, and the great metropolis of New-York, which give employment to hundreds of thousands of men, ho require to be fed from the farms, that the farmer receives his greatest profit. (Great applause.) Show me any people which is given entirely to one I care not whether it be agriculture or manufacture, but especially if be given entirely to agriculture, and I will show you a poor people, as well as an ignorant people, for by the building up of these towns and villages in your midst, you not only find a ready market for all the miner products of your farm, but

you have also brought to your doors all the con-reniences of modern civilization. It brings to your

assistance the higher grades of schools. It makes it

receive a liberal education. It is by this divers fica-

tion of industry, by the employment of a large pro-

portion of our muscle and our labor in industries

their greatest profit, and the agriculturalist finds his greatest reward. Here in the State of New-York we find that much more than one-half of all our

people are engaged in industries other than agriculture

naturally as fertile as those of Iowa, Kansas, and Nebraska, are still much more valuable and will sell

in the morket for a much higher price than will the

lands of those more fertile States. The reason for this is found in this one simple fact,

that more than one-half of the people in this State

are engaged in industries other than that of agricult-

products, but they are consumers only, and it is by

the wullding up, I say, of these cities, these manufact-

uring cities, the establishment of these railroads and the thousand and one industries which give em-

ployment to all of our people, that the greatest profit

comes, not only to the farmer, but also to those

therefore they are not producers of farm

we find that our farming lands here, though not

ossiole for academics to be built and maintained

sons and daughters of the farmers may

who are engaged in mechanical industries. (Prolonged It is customary now in manufacturing towns to establish schools called industrial schools, which are to teach our children the art of working iron and metals. These are all well in their place, but back of it and first of all lies agriculture, which is the founda-tion of all of the industries of this world, because without the products of the farm we cannot exist; and, therefore, while these people in the cities and villages are preparing to have their children educated in this industrial direction, I appeal to the farmers of the State of New-York to insist that in this system of education there shall be something for the farmer's son to learn as well as for the sons of the mechanic or manufacturer. If the State of would underake to-day to teach to a majority of those engaged in agriculture the fun-damental science of agriculture, if they would apply it simply to the great dairy interests of this State, have no doubt that within ten years he improve ment which would come to the art of the dairy alone in this country would more than double the profits that now come to our people in that industry. I speak within bounds when I make that statement, for I know what great improvements have come already in that one department of agriculture, and I know something of the great lack which holds it back and prevents us om taking the first place in the world as the first dairy State. (Great applause.)

The evening meeting of the Republicans was attended by 3,000 voters. The meeting was held in the OperaHouse, every seat of which was occupied. Many
ladies were present. Few more enthusiastic meetings
were ever held in Elmina, and the temper of those
attending it was such that it was clear that the Republicans of Chemung County will roll up a big majority this fail. Colonel Luther R. Caldwell, chairman of the Republican County Committee, railed the
meeting to order. Edward L. Adams. Editor of "The
meeting to order. Edward L. Adams. Editor of "The
meeting to erder, be predicted that the Lepublicans of
taking the chair, he predicted that the Lepublicans of
Chemung County would largely increase the hajority
they gave for the National tiches in 1854. The
speakers of the evening were Waener Miller and exCongressman Roswell G. Horr. Mr. Miller, who was
the first speaker, was welcomed with a cheer that
shook the roof. He celticised President Cleveland
for not paying off the National debt faster with the
surplus millions at his command. He then, at great
length, assailed the Mills Tariff bill and appealed to
his hearers to sustain the American protective tariff
system established by the Republican party. The
speech closed with an appeal to his hearers to support the Republican party because of its championship
of high-license and ballot reform. by 3,000 voters. The meeting was held in the Opera

ROLLING THE BALL FOR HARRISON. Washington, Sept. 19.—The great hall which was the feature of the Elaine demonstration in New-York in about to start from its home, Cumberland, Md. rolled to Hagerstown, Md., on Tuesday, and Fred erick, Md., on September 25 and 26. At each of these points Congressmen Bishop W. Perkins, Robert P. Kennedy, James W. Laird and Lewis F. McComas will meet it and make speeches. The huge ball will Washington on Thursday, and be received by the National Republican League with a great demon-stration. From here it will go West, roiling through West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana to Indianapolis, and thence it may go to the Pacific coast.

PHILADELPHIA REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS. Philadelphia, Sept. 19 (Special).—The Republican nventions met to-day to nominate candidates for dges of the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, four Congressmen, four State Senators, a full nblymen, a City Treasurer and a Register of Wills. Alfred Gratz was nominated for the last a word or two. The Republicans are well organic

named office, the candidates chosen for the other offices, respectively, being those predicted in to-day's The proceedings were harmonious, and all liness will receive large majorities at the

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS. Detroit, Sept. 19.—The Democratic Congressional Convention for the XIth District has nominated John Power, of Escanaba.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 19.-At the District Republican Convention held at Chester to-day Francis W. Rockwell, of Pittsfield, was unanimously renominated

Mount Helly, N. J., Sept. 19.-The Republicans of the Hd District to-day renominated James Buchanan for Congress by acclamation.

Philadelphia, Sept. 10 .- In the Ist, IId, IVth and Vth Congressional Districts the present incumbents were renominated respectively as follows: Henry J. ingham, Charles O'Neill, William D. Kelley and Al-ed C. Harmer. The Hid District Convention (Mr. andall's) adjourned over without selecting a candi-

Altoona, Penn., Sept. 19.-The XXth Congressional District Democratic Conference reconvened this morning. Robert Holliday withdrew and Thomas H. Greevy, of this city, was nominated by acclamation. St. Louis, Sept. 19.—James P. Walker. was nom-

St. Louis, Sept. 19.-The Democrats of the Xth Missouri Congressional District yesterday renominated Martin L. Clardy for Congress.

Charleston, S. C., Sept. 19.-Samuel Dibble (Dem-(crat) was to-day unanimously renominated for Congress from the 1st District.

Farmville, Va., Sept. 19 (Special).-Judge R. W. Arnold, of Sussex County, and J. M. Langston, of Peters-burg, both Republicans, were nominated for Congress here to day from the IVth Congressional District of Virginia. The Arnold convention had the official stamp on it, and had in it a number of white Republicans. Williamsport, Penn., Sept. 19.—The Rev. Charles T. Steck, of this city, was to-day nominated for Congress by the Democratic conferees of the XVIth District. Mr. Steck was previously nominated by the laboring men.

Camden, N. J., Sept. 19.-The Democratic convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in the Ist District met here this afternoon and selected General Brindle on the second ballot, his vote being he his opponent, Dr. William H. Newell, re-

A DEMOCRAT'S OPINION OF GENERAL HARRISON. W. L. Pierce, of Indiana, a War Democrat, and for many years past judge in his State, recently addressed a large meeting of Democrats at Anderson. After discussing fairly and equitably, from his point of view, the issues of the campaign, he ended up without one word of abuse of the Republican candidate. This was very unsatisfactory to the crowd, which, amid the applause, yelled out:

The Judge came forward and held up his hand to bring the unruly crowd to silence, and exclaimed: "General Harrison is an old friend of mine. He is a soldier, a gentleman and a scholar; but I can't go his politics!"

PREPARATIONS OF THE FLAMEEAU CLUB. Arrangements are rapidly being completed for the big meeting at the Polo Grounds on September 29. names of many organizations which part in the parade have already been sent in to the Grand Marshal, whose headquarters are at the rooms of the Harlem Republican Club in One-hundred-andtwenty-fifth-st. Among them is the Flambeau Club. is the commander. The club is limited to 100 in membership and names of prominent men who will march have already been put on the roll. Colonel Cruzer, Nicholas Fish, Henry L. Sprague, Ernest H. Crosby and James Otis have been elected honorary members. There will be six companies of the club of sixteen men each, and among the commanders will be Henry A. Alexander, Frank H. Ballard, Herbert P. Brown and Hoffman Miller.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY CLUBS AT WORK. The Executive Committee of the Republican League of Westchester County, ex-Judge T. A. Atkins, of Yonkers, presiding, met at White Plains yesterday and appointed a committee of three, consisting of Edward A. Studwell, of Tarrytown, David Cromwell, of White Plains, and Gideon W. Davenport, of New-Rochelle, to take charge of providing local speakers to stump all parts of the county for the Republican National and State candidates. Colonel E. A. McAlpin was appointed Grand Marshal for all League Clubs of the It was declared that the Westchester League should participate in the parade and mass-meeting to be held at the Polo Grounds September 29.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. The Campaign Committee of One Hundred of the Union League Club met yesterday and organized for work. John F. Plummer was elected chairman, Granville P. Hawes, secretary, and George Montague treasurer. The committee will meet again on next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The committee will do effective work in the campaign.

at the people find MR. BOUTELLE JUBILANT AT MAINE'S RECORD. Matters at the Republican headquarters have selde been livelier than they were yesierday. Among the callers were Congressman Boutelle, of Maine, who was on his way to Washington. He said: "I was re-elected by ity of 4,800, which is fully a thousand larger than majority of 4.800, which is full personal made a great we had reason to look for. The Democrats made a great what the greatest and most we had reason to look for. The Denoction and Most fight in Maine this year, probably the greatest and most thorough ever attempted. In November the majority for Harrison and Morton will be larger than the majority Governor Burleigh received, for the simple reason that the Democrats do not think it necessary to make any further exertions. Of course great Republican gains were made on the tariff issue, but I think that the temperance platform adopted by the Chicago Convention had something to do with the victory in Maine. It is my impression that about one-third of the persons who have hitherto voted with the third party supported our candidate his year.

## WESTCHESTERR COUNTY REPUBLICANS. HARMONY PREVAILS AT THE CONVENTION

-COUNTY OFFICIALS ARE NOMINATED.

The Republicans of Westchester County held their county convention at White Plains yesterday. Will am H. Robertson called the convention to order and General James W. Husted was elected chairman. J. Irving Burns and Alonzo Draper were chosen secre taries. Minot M. Silliman, of White Plains, was taries. Minot M. Siliman, of white Plans, unanimously nominated for the office of Surrogate. For the office of Sheriff, Joshua G. Many, of Ossining, Charles H. Palmer, of Port Chester, and David G. Montrose, of Cortlandt, were proposed, and the count resulted in favor of Mr. Montrose. For Coroners, John Matthews, of New-Rochelle, and Charles J. Nordquist, of Tuckahoo, were unanimously nominated, and John H. Baxter was unanimously nominated for reelection as Justice of Sessions. The following were chosen as members of the Executive Committee: Bedford, William H. Robertson; Cortlandt, D. W. Travis; East Chester, Thomas R. Hodge; Greenburg, M. D. Raymond; Harrison, William Porter Allen; Lewisboro, Cyrus Lawrence; Mamaroneck, William A. Boyd; Mount Pleasant, Edward T. Lovatt; Newastle, F. M. Carpenter; New-Rochelle, Charles H. Young; North Castle, James Hopkins; North Salem, Odle Close; Ossining, James B. Swaine; Pelham, E. Waterhouse; Poundridge, Cyrus Searles; Rye, William L. Ward : Scarsdale, Bradford Rhodes ; Somers, William L. Ward; Scarsdale, Bradford Rhodes; Somers, J. B. Teed; Westchester, Byron Conkling; White Plains, E. B. Long; Yonkers, J. Irving Burns; York. Lown, J. B. Tompkins.

The following delegates were appointed a committee to attend the funeral of William B. Davidson, of Poblis Ferry, to whose worth an eloquent tribute was paid by several speakers; William H. Robertson, D. O. Bradley, James A. Maillard, John Schotts, Gideon W. Davenport, I. N. Mills, David Cromwell, A. J. Adams and Smith Lent.

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	REPUBLICAN MEETINGS IN THE STATE.
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Major James O.
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GENERAL ALGER HOPEFUL FOR MICHIGAN. Chicago, Sept. 19 (Special).—General Alger, of Michigan, who is in the city attending the annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, was asked by a reporter for his views on the political situation in Michigan. He said: "I can tell you in

ndeed and are making considerable gains in the southern and western portion of the State upon the free wool question. We have not heard of any Dem-ocratic gains, and it appears to me from the way things are at present going that Blaine's majority will be increased very handsomely. It would not be too much to say that the Republicans may have 20,000

What do you think about the Prohibition vote? "The Prohibition vote reached its maximum in 1886. and according to my observations the vote will be much diminished this year. I know personally a dozen or more Prohibitionists in 1886 who are going to vote for Harrison and Morton.

A NON-PARTISAN POLICE BOARD.

TAMMANY LEADERS DENY THAT THEY WISH TO CHANGE ITS PRESENT CHARACTER.

The Tammany leaders were a good deal surprised at the rumor that one reason why that organization inranks was because this candidate, if elected, would be in the Police Board caused by the expiration of the terms of Commissioners French and McClave. The terms of office of both these gentlemen expire during the term of the next Mayor. The appointments suggested would make the Police Board entirely Democratic, and destroy its non-partisan character. John of the board, are members respectively of the County Democracy and Tammany Hall. There is no law to compel the Mayor to keep the board non-partisan, but there is a sentiment in favor of this that no sagacious

political leader would dare to oppose.

Fire Commissioner Richard Croker said, when his attention was called to the report: "No such action as making the Police Department a partisan machine has ever been thought of by Tammany Hall. It is absurd. The Board of Police has the appointment of election inspectors and poll clerks. It would be manifestly unfair to the minority of the voters in this city to refuse to give them representation in a board which has these powers, and would lead to suspicion of election frands. Tammany has no desire to give the city a ticket made up of men who will not have at heart the best interests of the metropolis. As to my alleged wish to become a member of the Board of could have been a member of that board before now had I so desired."

is nothing in this rumor. The Tammany leaders are in favor of keeping the Police Board non-partisan. Why. the present Republican Police Commissioners, Stephen B. French and John McClave, were appointed for a full term by Mayor Edson, who was elected by Tammany Hall. As to Commissioner Croker wanting to go into the Police Board, I know that is untrue. He could have been appointed a Police Commissioner if he had wished it."

County Clerk James A. Flack, Deputy County Clerk Thomas F. Gilroy. Deputy Register James J. Martin. ex-Register John Reilly and other leaders of Tammany Hail made the same deciarations.

The statement that the County Democracy leaders have definitely decided to run a separate county tichet is untrue. No action of the kind has yet been taken, although all the indications point that way. It was not discussed at the meeting of the sub-executive committee on Tuesday evening. Hall. As to Commissioner Croker wanting to go

THE HEAD OF THE BROOKLYN FIRE DEPART-

ultree on Tuesday evening

Another instance of how partisanship prevails in the departments of the Brooklyn city government controlled by Democrats came to light yesterday. The Irish-American Home and Country Protection Brother hood has headquarters in Willoughby and Jay sts., and propose putting up a handsome Harrison and Morton William H. Grace, the head of the organization, applied to Fire Commissioner Ennis for perfire department pole in front of the headquarters. Under a misapprehension that a Cleveland and Thurman banner was to be put up Mr. Ennis promptly acceded to the request, and said he hoped good pictures of up. Mr. Grace explained that the banner was for the opposing candidates, when Mr. Ennis angrily

"No Republican banner shall hang from any pole "No Republican banner shall hang from any pole of this department so long as I am at the head of it." Mr. Grace asked if the Republicans did not pay a share of the taxes, and have as much right to the use of the poles as Democrats, but Mr. Ennis would not hear reason on the subject. The matter has caused much comment in political circles in Brooklyn, and fair-minded men of both parties believe that Mr. Ennis has made another Democratic blunder.

AN ARGUMENT FORCIBLY PUT. ONE BIG STRAW WHICH SHOWS THE DIRECTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC WIND.

The latest addition to the Republican campaign literature is a handsome colored cartoon, dedicated to the old soldiers of the Union. It is the work of Will-iam C. Hughes, of Grand Ledge, Michigan, a veteran Republican National Committee, is entitled, "President Cleveland in collision with the Grand Army of the Republic." Its text is the order of the President to reurn the Southern battle-flags. On the left of the picture is a load of rebel flags upon a wagon inscribed U. S.," and headed toward Dixle. In the centre of the picture, and completely blocking the way of the loaded train, is a solid monument, representing Alexander Hamilton Post, No. 182, of New-York, and bearing upon its face the resolutions passed by that Post protesting against the President's action.

On the right is a disappointed committee of Confederate brigadiers, one of whom holds in his hand a dispatch from Colonel Lamont, which says that the President has rescinded his order. In the left of the oreground are the President and Colonel Lamont, the latter having in his hand a dispatch reading, "'Not while I am Governor of Ohio.' J. B. Foraker," The President is represented as saying, "What shall we do now?" to which Lamont replies, "Why, back out, of ourse. The South will vote for us anyway." In the lower left-hand corner of the picture, below the loaded wagon, is a copy of the original order of the President for the return of the flags. The conclusions to be drawn from the picture, showing the tendency of the Democratic party to cater to the South new as in the days before the war, are indicated in the following, which is printed below the title: "James Buchanan, late President of the United States, declared he could not find power in the Constitution to coerce a sovereign not find power in the Constitution to correct a solvential state then in rebellion. The Grand Army of the Republic found that power, and applied it successfully. The 545 rebel flags, as seen in this picture bound for Dixie, are the prima facle evidence or that power, and President Cleveland's order would deprive us of it, if permitted to be carried out."

CHAIRMAN BRICE ON A STILL HUNT.

HOPING TO CARRY MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, IN-DIANA AND ILLINOIS FOR THE DEMOCRATS. Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 10 (Special).-There has been in the last few days a revival of confidence among the Democratic managers and candidates for Congress, but just what revived them from the depression that has existed for two months was not made plain until to-night, when it was learned that a movement to algar, when it was feared that a move-ment has already been organized and backed by plenty of money that, according to Democratic predictions, promises to be a most successful one. The failure of Mr. Thurman to arouse the voters of New-York and his pitiful failure in both Newark and New-York was a stunning blow to Calvin S. Brice, who was made to see that the chances against Cleveland carrying New-York were growing more dismal each day. It was at once decided that a still hunt should be organ ized in Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, in the hope that the Republicans would be found napping. Mr. Brice was advertised to come to Columbus and meet his comrades at their reunion last week While the Democratic chairman visited Columbus, he met a large number of political friends from Cinmet a large number of political friends from Chi-cianati, Toledo and other polats, but the meeting with his regiment failed to materialize and Mr. Brice continued his journey West. It is understood here in Democratic circles that he has sent glowing accounts here of promised success of the still hunt scheme in the States referred to, and this is confirmed by the confidence expressed by Mr. Thurman that the De-mocracy would carry Michigan, Indiaza and Wiscon-shin, with a lighting chance in Blinois. The present cheery humor of the Democratic managers is the re-sult of Chairman Brice's fairy tales sent to the Old Roman.

DEMOCRATIC RUFFIANS EJECTED. The Workingman's Protective Tariff Association of the 1st Assembly District held its first regular meeting last night in a pleasant little hall at the foot of Broadway. The place was crowded and much enthusiasm was shown. At the opening of the meeting an attempt was made by a few Democratic roughs to cause a disturbance, but after they had been endured until forbearance ceased to be a virtue, an efficer was called and the disturbers ejected. The speakers were Judge A. L. Morrison, of Arizona; H. K. Thurber, Robert Blissert, Simon J. Forhan and Jere-miah Murphy. The chairman of the Association is Thomas F. Sheehan, and there are already 125 members, mostly Irishmen, on the rolls.

TILLMAN SECURES THE PRIZE. Augusta, Ga., Sept. 19.—George D. Tillman was re-nominated for Congress by the Democratic Convention of the IId District of South Carolina to-day, after a two weeks' session and several hundred ballots. He was opposed because of his attacks on the AdminMORE PERNICIOUS "REFORM."

SUPERINTENDENT JACKSON AND CLERK CHAMP-LIN TURNED OUT TO MAKE WAY FOR DEMO-CRATS - THEIR ONLY CRIME IS THAT

TWO FAITHFUL OFFICIALS DISMISSED.

THEY ARE REPUBLICANS-RECORDS THAT MAY WELL STAND AS EXAMPLES FOR THEIR SUCCESSORS.

Superintendent R. C. Jackson, of the Second Division of the Railway Mail Service, who in his long term of service has never received from the Post Office Department a criticism of any official act, found on his desk yesterday morning the following curt note from General Superintendent Bancroft, of the Railway Mail Service:

Sir: The Postmaster-General having decided that the good of this service will be promoted by your retirement from it. I hereby very respectfully request your resignation as superintendent of the Second Division of the Railway Mail Service, to take effect October 1, 1888. Your successor will be detailed without delay, when you may consider yourself on leave of absence until your resignation takes effect.

A REPUBLICAN, THAT IS ALL Not a word of explanation, or an expression of regret accompanied the letter, which closed a quarter of a century's faithful service in a peculiarly difficult department. Mr. Jackson's relations with the officials at Washington have always been pleasant, he has never heard of any charges against himself, his office has never been investigated, and he has not been an active politician.

"To be sure I am a Republican," said Mr. Jackson yesterday; but if any official was to be exempt from political proscription, he would have been pointed out as the man. He is fifty-eight years of age, and almost all of his mature manhood has been passed in the Post Office service. He was appointed a clerk in 1864, and was with Postmaster Pearson in the Railway Mail Service. Police, I can say that under no circumstances would
I accept an appointment. I think I may say that I
he was made chief clerk in the Second Division and though he did not become Superintendent until 1875, he has been the most active spirit in the service for nearly twenty years.

Mr. Jackson had the supervision of 650 clerks, was in correspondence with over 8,500 post offices in the division-which includes New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and portions of Maryland and Virginia-and arranged with 300 railway companies the details of the transmisrailway companies the details of the transmission of mails. His office was of no political consequence, except as providing for one official, as he does not appoint a single clerk or subordinate. It is simply a business office and Mr. Jackson has devoted every hour of his time to arduous work in perfecting the distribution of the mails in his division. In the early years of the service every letter written from the office was in Mr. Jackson's own handwriting, and he has retained ever since an acquaintance with the has retained ever since an acquaintance with t details of the intricate system of distribution. IMPROVING THE POSTAL SERVICE.

An important feature of Mr. Jackson's work has een his intelligent and systematic carrying out of the Civil Service reform. His division was almost the first office of the Government to adopt a carefully devised system of examinations. Mr. Jackson prepared a series of questions in March, 1872, and conducted a Civil Service examination. The first applicant examined by him was C. H. Lyon, for many years Mr. Jackson's chief clerk, and now a superintendent of division in the Brooklyn Post Office. The records of the Civil Service examinations, as well as the letter books, of that and succeeding years are in Mr. Jackson's handwriting, and show his indefatigable industry in the work of the office. The system of examinations has continued without a break, but with many additions and improvements, up to the present time. Mr. Jackson's advocacy of Civil Service reform has been constant and discriminating. 1872, and conducted a Civil Service examination.

Service reform has been constant and discriminating.

The distribution of the large newspaper mails for early delivery, as well as of the important letter and registered mail matter has been a subject of constant study and investigation to Superintendent Jackson, and the intricate machinery of his office now runs so smoothly that no one watching with only ordinary care the transaction of business would imagine how great were the interests involved, and how numerous were the details on which the Superintendent kept a careful cyc. Mr. Jackson's courtesy was as unfailing as his industry. His relations with the public were pleasant, and he was well liked by his associates and superiors in office.

DROPPING THE CHIEF CLERK ALSO.

DROPPING THE CHIEF CLERK ALSO. E. L. Champlin, chief clerk of the First or Boston Division of the Railway Mail Service, who had a desk in Mr. Jackson's office, has also 1848. He has grown gray in the service the Government, and performed his duties sa-factorily up to the day of his dismiss In fact, he is still at his post, though his remo-In fact, he is still at his post, though his removal was dated September 8, as his Democratic successor wants his help in "learning the ropes." He has been promoted step by step for merit, and nobody supposed that he would be disturbed now. Mr. Jackson toon his removal calmly. "I recognize," he said "that in the midst of a Presidential campaign things are done which, under ordinary circumstances, would not be thought of. He will remain to give his successor all the information possible about the work of the division

J. B. Gwin, Superintendent of the Fifth or Cincinnati Division, who is assigned to the Second Division to succeed Mr. Jackson, is a partisan Democrat. It is said that he has succeeded in making many changes in the interest of his party in the West, and the "hungry and thirsty" Democrats of this city have hope of his assistance here. He says that he is only here temporarily. He says that he is only here temporarily.

TROTTING AT FLEETWOOD.

GUY RECOVERS HIS FORM.

WINNING THE MORRISANIA STAKE IN STRAIGHT

WINNING THE MORRIESANIA STARE, IS STATED
HEATS-A DAY OF CAPITAL SPORT.
There was good racing at the grounds of the Driving
Club of New-York yesterday afternoon, when the Grand
Circuit meeting was begun after a postponement from
Tucaday on account of the weather. Between three and Iuerday on account of the weather. Tuesday on account of the weather. Between three and four thousand people were present, most of them being within the club house and betting enclosures. Besides the members, there was a large number of visitors from all paris of this and surrounding States. The races were called at 1 o'clock. The first was the stake for the three number class. Twelve of the thirteen combanious started minute class. Twelve of the thirteen nominations started, the young stallion Mount Morris being scratched owing to lameness. Golden Rod led in the betting, Guy selling well up, with David Jones, Cleon, and Feed Foiger in a descending scale of value. After eight or ten scores a fairly good start was had. Guy was far behind, but on He rapidly overhauled the leaders and so nearly everybody by trotting level and true, and winning the heat in moderate time. Confidence in him was quickly restored and he was strongly supported for the race at bout even money against the field.

In the second heat he behaved splendidly, winning

without effort. The sulkies of King Bird and Edith E. without effort. The sulkies of King Bird and Edith II. came in collision on the backstretch and McCienachan, driving King Bird, was thrown to the ground. He was not seriously hurt and King Bird was captured before any harm was done. He was permitted to remain in the race to the general satisfaction of everybody.

With long odds on Guy before the third heat, he speedily

With long odds on Guy before the third near, no specially settled matters by winning in a walk. This is his first victory in a stake race this season, though he has been in four such contests against horses much slower than he. Cleon, winner of second money, is owned by J. W. Ogden, of this city. Golden Rod got away bedly each time and

did not have his usual speed at the finish.

There was better sport in the race for the 2:24 class.
The young gelting William sold for first choice on the strength of his form in the 2:30 stake at Hartford two weeks ago, when he got second money and entered the 1:20 list. He was evidently out of sorts, for he did not 2:20 list. He was evidently out of sorts, for he did not get to the front in any of the five hears. After the Long Island mare Darkness wen the first heat in 2:211-2. Elda B. was made favorite. There was suspicion of croskedness and Goldsmith was called into the stand before the fifth heat. He declared that he was trying to win with William, and was requested to constant the stand was trying to win with William, and was

ermitted to continue driving. After Elda B. had got he second heat, she made a losing break in the second, the second neat was won by Jereman, who lowered his and the heat was won by Jereman, who lowered his mark to 2:22 3-4. Then Elda B. went steadily and had

mark to 2:22 3.4. Then Edds B. went steadily and had it all her own way. In scoring before the fifth heat, McCarthy, Freek and Goldsmith were fined ten dollars each for scoring in front of Edds B.

The 2:28 trot, which came last, had five young and comparatively unknown starters. Though five young and comparatively unknown starters. Though five young was a strong favorite, he was unable to cape with the fast ive-year-old gelding Horton, from Orange County. The latter won the first heat easily in 2:25 3.4, his first mile in a race below 2:30. He made a losing break in the second heat and Greystone improved the opportunity to get a score to his credit. Then Horton settled down and of art are exhibited. The department is presided over

trot and the 2:18 pace.

George W. Archer, president of the Rochester Driving and Elljah Welsor.

GEO. C. FLINT CO.,

104, 106, 108 West 14th Street,

Have now on view their new Fall designs in elegant parlor furnishings. Odd styles in Bedroom Suits, Antique patterns in din-

> NO DISCOUNT. ONE PRICE.

Park Association, started the horses successfully. He is assisted in the judges' stand by Mesars. Henry Hughes and D. S. Hammond, two local turfmen of long ex-

ing-room furniture, etc.

Summaries are given below:

PURSE \$5,000-MORRISANIA STAKES. 3:00 CLASS. Guy, blk. g. by Kentucky Prince Harrison, b. g. (Patterson)
Fred Folger, b. g. (Sulan)
David Jones, b. g. (Sulan)
Time-2:22 3-4, 2:20 1-2, 2:23 1-2

Elda R., b. m., by Wood's Hamble tonian (Brown)
Darkness, blk. m. (McCarthy)
Jeremiah, b. g. (Davis) ferensiah b. g. (Bavis) 6 5 1 William, b. g. (Goldsmith) 4 2 8 William Kearney, b. g. (Freek) 3 4 4 Lertha, ch. m. (Whelpiey) 2 3 2 Time-2:21 1-2, 2:23 1-4, 2:22 3-4, 2:21 3-4, 2:21 1-2

2:24 CLASS-PURSE 41,500.

2:38 CLASS-PURSE \$1,000. Horton, b. g., by Polonius (Goldsmith) 1 Greystone, gr. g. (Murray) 8 Medora, b. m. (Kinney) 8 Elbert, b. g. (Freek) 4 Nanny K., b. m. (Hartog) 4 Nanny K., b. m. (Hartog) 4 TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

2:22 CLASS-TROTTING. PURSE \$1,500. J. H. Goldsmith's Jean Smith-J. Murphy's Clars-A. J. Feek's King Almont-C. S. Green's Lucille's Baby-E. R. Thomas's Bertha-Jesse Yearance's Perplexed-F. M. Dodge's W. K.-E. R. Thomas's Lady Barefoot-Amos Witkins's Ida Belle-F. Hanford's Long-

9 18 CLASS-PACING. PURSE \$1,000. Davies's Rey Wilkes-J. Pront's Allen Maid-Foster's Lady Wilkins-A. J. Feek's Elmonarch-F. H. Foster's Lady Wilkins-A. J. Feek's Elmonarch-H. E. Smith's Honesty-W. H. McCarthy's Johnny Woods-D. B. Herlington's Ulster Belle-J. H. Gold-smith's Billy Stewart-A. C. Smith's Elia S.-M. Mc-Carthy's Doc M.-A. P. McDonald's Lady Hill-F. M. Dodge's Columbus Girl-Budd Doble's Ed Annan.

LABOR MEN FREE TO VOTE.

THREE TICKETS TO BE PRINTED. FIRST DAY'S WORK OF THE STATE CONVENTION

OF THE UNITED LABOR PARTY.

The delegates to the State Convention of the United Labor party met in the large hall of Cooper Union yesterday for the purpose of nominating an electoral and State ticket. The sentiment of the delegates of many out-of-town districts, and some of the city districts, was decidedly favorable to the indorsement of Warner Miller, and while the State Executive Committee was in session the delegates from districts that ere opposed to the indorsement of any candidate, except of their own party, held a caucus and drew up a resolution to be offered to the convention against the indorsement of the candidates of any political party. It was 3:30 when the convention was called to by John H. Blakeney. Gaybert Barnes called the roll of delegates. Dr. McGlynn said that as the United Labor party candidates for President and Vice-President were in the room, he would move that they be escorted to the platform. Robert H. Cowdrey, of Illinois and W. H. T. Wakefield, of Kansas, the candidates, were then led on the platform. Mr. Blackeney announced that the State Executive Committee recommended that committees on permanent organization, contested seats, platform and resolutions be appointed. recommended Lawrence J. McParlin, of Lockport, for temporary chairman, and J. R. Cleary, of "The Jamestown Journal, and Rufus R. Wilson, of "The Fimina-town Journal," and Rufus R. Wilson, of "The Elmira-Telegram," for temporary secretaries. A motion to this effect was put and carried. There was some dissent at this but Mr. McParlin took the chair and the two secretaries were quickly in their respective

mittees appointed by the resolution just passed be so amended as to have on them delegates from each been removed. Mr. Champlin was first appointed Congress District. Considerable confusion followed clerk in the office at Norwich, Conn., during the | this motion, but finally Delegate Gatens, of New-York, delegates from each Congress District. A motion to adjourn was lost and a recess of five minutes was taken to give the delegates a chance to select one man from each Congress District to go on the committees. The trouble over the appointment of members on the four committees was brought to a close shortly before 9 o'clock, and the committees retired for business.

Dr. McGlynn, having briefly addressed the convention, Charles M. Clancy was appointed permanent chairman, B. A. Wood, of Albany; M. Duncan, of New York: A. J. Nugent, of Rennssalaer; Joseph Bauer of Monroe, and P. H. Cummings, of Montgomery, were appointed vice chairmen; J. A. Clery, of Jamesiown; R. R. Wilson, of Elmira, Alexander Laird, of range; and William Sullivan, or Orleans, secretaries. Resolutions calling upon the Postmaster-General to compel Mr. Pearson to enforce the Eight-hour law, and condemning Mr. Pearson for his treatment of the letter-carriers; one of sympathy with Ireland; one demanding the repeal of the conspiracy laws; and another one authorizing the Labor party State Committee to print electoral tickets, one with the names of the Labor party candidates, one with the names of the Republican ticket, and another with the names of the Democratic candidates, were then proposed The first three resolutions were passed but the excited opposition. An amendment was o the effect that only one ticket be printed. A vote was taken, but the chairman was unable to decide it, and a second vote was taken with the result that over 75 per cent voted for the printing of the three tickets. The announcement was received with applause. "That means the success of the full Republican ticket," shouted a voice from the centre of the hail. This expression of opinion met with thunderous applause.

The country delegates who came instructed, but in favor of Warner Miller's indorsement, were jubifant at the success of the passing of the three ticket reso-lution, as it will enable them to vote for the Republican candidate for Governor without breaking from the ranks of the United Labor party. many city delegates who expressed their disapproval many city delegates who expressed their disapproval of the result of the vote. The Committee on Platform then presented its report, which indoress the platform of the Cheinnait Convention, and says that the object of the Labor party is not that of a class party, and does not demand more power than is granted to other men. The abolition of the tax on land improvements is also indured; it advocates the control by the Government of the railroads, telegraph and telephone systems of the country; demands the repeal of the conspiracy laws, and is opposed to the exemption from taxation of all property of corporations, charitable and religious institutions. The convention adjourned to 7 o'clock to night.

The general impression among the delegates was that the result of the first day's work of the convention was a practical indersement of Warrier Miller's candidacy for Governor. When John McNackin was asked about this he saids. "That's about what it means."

THE HUNTINGTON FAIR.

A FINE EXHIBITION IN ALL DEPARTMENTS AND A LARGE ATTENDANCE.

The first semi-annual exhibition of the Long Island Live Stock Fair Association was formally opened yesterthy

on the association's grounds, near Hunt ngton, L. I. 3 p. m. it is estimated that there were at least 3,006 departments, the exhibitors being all from Suffolk County. In the sheds and stables were shown fine specimens of oxen. Jerseys, Devons, Helsteins and Ayreshires. The poultry show consists of Shanghais, Brahmas, Plymouth Rocks, goese and ducks. In the sheep department there

a strong favorite, he at casily in 2.25.3.4, his first mile in a race below 2.30. He made a losing break in the second heat and Greystone improved the opportunity to get a score to his credit. Then Horton settled down and showed himself master of the situation in the next two heats. Greystone made a gallant fight in the last heat, and both horses made short breaks. Horton caught quickly, and after an exciting struggle up the stretch, tanded the heat and race just when it was getting too dark for any continuance. This cleared the card, and leaves two more races for this afternoon, the 2.22 class too and the 2.13 pace.

George W. Archer, president of the Rochester Driving

a exhibited in tents. The horse department excited much interest, there being on exhibition many fine specimens to horses had considered the last, there being on exhibition many fine specimens the content of horsesdesh. The lady visitors crowded the hall, where indies' fancy handwork and domestic articles and works of art are exhibited. The department is presided over by Mrs. Edward Carli, president, and Mrs. C. P. Holmes, Mrs. Hendrickson, Mrs. James Weod and Mrs. Van Brunt are judges. The drives of the heat and race just when it was getting too dark for any continuance. This cleared the card, and leaves two more races for this afternoon, the 2.22 class too and the 2.13 pace.

ATHLETES AT DETROIT.

THE AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION'S FIRST ANNUAL GAMES A GREAT SUCCESS.

SEVENTEEN FIRST PRIZES OFFERED, OF WHICE HE MANHATTAN ATHLETIC CLUB SECURE SEVEN, WITH 61 POINTS-THE NEW-YORK ATHLETIC CLUB SECOND,

WITH FOUR FIRSTS AND A TOTAL OF 41. PRY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUTE. Detroit, Mich., Sept. 19.—No lovelier weather over graced an athletic gathering than that which to-day gave every chance for enjoyment to competitors and spectators as the new Amateur Athletic Union's first annual games.

as the new Amateur Athietic Union's first annual games.
Track and field were perfect; 5,000 spectators crowded
through the gates long before the hour for the sports to
begin. The Manhattan Athietic Club is jubilant over
winning seven out of the seventeen championships. Their
mearest competitor, the New-York Athietic Club, is twenty
behind in the count for clubs winning points. The Manhattans gained seven first prizes, seven second and five
third places, a total of sixty-one points. The New-York
Athietic Club's score is forty-one points, made by winning
four first, live second and six third places. The NewYorks and the Manhattans were the only clubs that scored
more than one first place.

more than one first place.

John F. Huneke, of the Schuyikili Navy Athletic
Club, was referee of the games. The judges were
D. G. French, Chicago Athletic Club; W. G. Schuyier,
and J. H. Booth, New-York Athletic Club; F. W. Janssen, Staten Island Athletic Club; F. D. Standish and P. E. Stanley, Detroit Athletic Club. Timekeepers— W. H. Robertson, Pastime Athletic Club; J. H. Abesi, Jr., and Otto Ruhl, New-York Athletic Club; F. T. Moran, Detroit Athletic Club; J. E. Rayborn, Cape Moran, Detroit Athletic Club; J. E. Rayborn, Cane May Athletic Club. Judge of bicycling-R. D. Garden, of Chicago. Chief marshai-Harry McMillan, of the Schuyikili Navy. Official announcer-Frederick W. Burns, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Burns, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The contests were as follows: 100-yards dash—less heat, won by C. H. Sherrill, of Yale, in 10 2-5 seconds; second heat, won by M. W. Ford, in 10 3-5 seconds; third heat, won by Fred. Westing, Manhattan Athletic Club, time 10 2-5 seconds; F. H. Babcock, New-York Athletic Club, a walkover in fourth trial heat. The final was a handy triumph for Westing. The Yale man. Sherrill, hurt his right thigh, one of the tendons breaking away from the muscles, and he finished even with Ford for the place. A coin toss gave Ford second price.

ing away from the muscles, and he finished even with Ford for the place. A coin toss gave Ford second price. Westing's time was 10 2-5 seconds.

120-yards hurdle race—Copland and Vandervoort, of the Manhattans; Jordan, of the New-Yorks, and Ducharma, of the Detroits, ran in one heat. Copland seemed the winner, but Gordon got the decision. Time, 16 1-5 One-mile walk-There were four star

Nicoli and Berrian, of the Manhattans, and Burckhardt, of the Pustimes. Burckhardt stuck plucklif to his work, and won a creditable victory. Nicoli finished second, and Lauge third. Time, 6:54 1-5.

One-mile run—Skillman and Gilbert, of the New-Yorks;

Conness, of the Manhattans; Gibbs, of the Toronto, were the contestants. Gibbs ied a fine race almost from the start, and won in 4:27 1-5.

220-yards dash-Westing, of the Manhattans, won the first trial heat; time, 22 1-5 sec.; F. H. Babcock, of the New-York Athletic Club, got the second, in 23 2-5 sec. Sherrill gamely tried to run in the second trial heat of the

2:20, but couldn't go twenty yards. In the final heat, Westing best Dohme, his nearest opponent, by a half yard. in the fine time of 22 1-5 sec. Two-mile bicycle race—Three starters: W. E. Crist, of the Chicago Athletic Club, won, amid great applause, by a foot, in 6 min. 491-5 sec.; A. C. Halstead, of New-

220-yards hurdle race-Won by Copland, of the Manhat-

tan Athletic Club; time, 264-5 sec.

Three-mile walk-Berrian, Lange and Nicoll, of the
Manhattan Athletic Club, competed against W. H. Hasch,
of Akron, Ohio, and O. Hassel, of the Chicago Athletic
Club. The Cherry Diamond men casily finished one, two, three, Lange first, Nicoli, Berrian third. Winner's time,

three, Lange first, Nicoli, Berrian third. Williams time, 23 min. 43 3-5 sec.
440-yarde dash-Final heat won by W. C. Dohme, of the New-Yorks; Mesley second, Bradish third; time, 61 sec.
SS0-yards run—W. F. Thompson and Stewart Bair, of the Staten Island Athletic Club: C. L. Estes and D. T. Tompkins, of the Manhattane; G. Tracey, of the Wanderers' Athletic Club of Halifax, and C. M. Smith, of the New-York Athietic Club, were the competitors. Tracey, the hardy Nova Scotian, won in 2 min. 21-5 sec.; Smith second, Estes third.

Five-mile run-Skillman and Carter, of the New-York Athletic Club; Hertzberg, of the Olympic Athletic Club, of New-York; J. P. Keary and Conness, of the Manhattan Athletic Club, started. The race was extremely interesting, and gallanty did Conneff make up for his running only second in the one mile by beating Carter out of sight. Conneff won, with Carter a poor second, Skillman third. Time-26:46.

man third. Time-26:46.

While the track contests were going on the infield did not lack attention. Some of the contests here were:
Running high jump-J. D. Webster, Manhattan Athletic Running high jump—J. D. Webster, Manhattan Athletic Club, won with a leap of 5 ft., 6 in.; Norris, of the Staten Islands, second; Pritchard, of the same club, third. Tug-of-war-Two teams contested as follows: Teams of four men, total weight limited to 650, best two out of three pulls; time limit, 10 minutes. First pull, Manhattan Athletic Club, D. S. Lord, jr., captain, anchor; W. Parers, D. T. Brokew, J. Sanning, Rusy, Park Athletic hattan Athlette Club, D. S. Lord, Jr., captain, anchor; W. Revere, D. T. Brokaw, J. Senning, Busy Bees Athlette Association of Company B, 22d Regiment, New-York, A. Stevens, anchor; W. N. Bavier, captain; D. S. Brown, Jr., W. H. Hanley. The 22d Regiment team won the first pull by but 7-8 of an inch, and the final by 11-2 inches. The Manhattan team got the second pull by 21-2 inches.

pull by 2.1.2 inches.

Putting the shot-Lambrecht, of the Manhattans;
Gray and Condon, of the New-Yorks, and Queckberner,
of the Staten Islands, competed. Gray won with a put
of 42 feet, 10.1.2 inches.

Running long jump—Won by W. A. Halpin, of the
Olympics, with a jump of 23 feet; Copland, second,
with 22 feet 11.5-8 inches; Jordan, of the New-Yorks,

Throwing the 56 m weight-This was a wonderful performance, and the only record-breaking contest of the day. W. L. Condon and G. R. Gray, of the New-York Athletic Club; Queckberner, of the Staten Island Athletic Club; Lambrecht, of the Manhattans, and M. O'Sullivan, of the Pastimes, were the competitors. Several of Condon's wonderful throws beat the old Queckberner Condon's wonderful throws occat the but guessions record of 28 feet 4 3-4 inches, but he retired with a record of 27 feet 9 inches. Queckberner was second, with a throw of 26 feet 6 inches; O'Sullivan third.

Throwing the 16 B hammer-W. J. M. Barry, of Queen's College, Cork, won with a throw of 127 feet 1 inch.

Queckberner second, 106 feet 11 inches.
Pole vault—C. Godshall, of the Manhattan Athlette Club wen, clearing the bar at 10 feet

AMERICAN CURLERS IN CONVENTION.

NEARLY EVERY CLUB IN THE COUNTRY REPRE SENTED-A SCHEDULE OF GAMES. The National American Curling Club held a con-

vention yesterday at the Adelphi Hall. Nearly every prominent curting club in the States was represented. in the absence of the president, General J. McArthur, of Chicago, the vice-president, George Grieve, of New-York, took the chair. At the morning sitting, David Poulis, of New-York, the secretary, presented his report, which showed that the association numbered thirty-nine clubs, as against five in 1867. Six new

Certain proposed alterations in the rules and by aws of the association were then discussed and passed almost unanimously. The following are the new of ncers: President, George Grieve, of New-York; vicepresident, Major Peattle, of Utica; second vice-presi dent, John McCullough, of St. Paul; secretary and treasurer, David Foulls, of New-York. It was aranged to held the next convention at Albany. The

ment of games :

ment of games:

Caledonian, of N. Y., vs. Thistie, of N. Y.; Empire City, umpire.

American, of N. Y., vs. Albany; St. Andrews, umpire.

Empire City, of N. Y., vs. Excelsior, of N. Y.; ananhattan, umpire.

St. Andrews, of N. Y., vs. Excelsior, of N. Y.; ananhattan, umpire.

Temple of Honor, of N. Y., vs. Thistie, of Brooklyn; Calegonian, of Brooklyn, umpire.

Long Island City vs. John o'Groats, of N. Y.; Temple of Honor, umpire.

New York was Manhattan, of N. Y.; Thistie, of N. Y., umpire.

Jersey City vs. Heather, of Philadelphia; Ivanhoe, of Paterson, umpire.

Monhelu, of N. Y., vs. Empire, of Albany; Albany, umpire.

Acwark, of N. J., vs. Caledonian, of Brooklyn; Thistie, of Brooklyn, umpire.

Milwaukee vs. Portage, Wis.; Cambris, of Wisconsin,

Brooklyn, umpira Milwaukee vs. Portage, Wis.; Cambria, of Wisconsin, Minwaukee va Portage, mappire.

Inistle, of Minneapolis, vs. St. Paul, Minn.; own umpire.

Arilington, of Wisconsin, va Cambria, of Wisconsin; Portage, Wis., umpire.

Poynette, of Wis., vs. Waukesha, of Wis.; Arlington, Wis., umpire.

Lodi, of Wis., vs. Evening Star. of Wis.; Poynette, Wis. umpire.

Liedi, of Wik, vs. Evening.
Wis. umpire.
Paterson, N. J., vs. Little Falis, N. J.; Newark, N.
J., umpire.
Yorkers, N. Y., vs. Four Brethers, of Canada; American, N. Y., umpire.
Utlea, N. Y., vs. Caledonians, of Buffalo; own umpire.
Lincoln Fark, Chicago, vs. Chicago; Milwaukee, umpire.